

St. PETER'S UNIVERSITY

St. Peter's Institute of Higher Education and Research
(Declared under section 3 of UGC Act 1956)
Avadi, Chennai – 600 054.



M.Tech. (BIO TECHNOLOGY) PROGRAMME

(I TO IV SEMESTERS)

REGULATIONS AND SYLLABI

(REGULATIONS – 2013)

**(With a retrospective amendment in the credits from the batch
of students admitted in 2014-15)**

M.Tech. (BIO TECHNOLOGY) PROGRAMME

Regulations and Syllabi

(Effective from the Academic Year 2013-'14)

(With a retrospective amendment in the credits from the batch of students admitted in 2014-15)

- 1. Eligibility:** Candidates who passed a professional degree such as B.Tech. in Biotechnology, Industrial Biotechnology, Chemical Engineering, B.Pharm. or M.B.B.S. or B.Sc. in Agriculture any other post graduate degree in Life Sciences or any other equivalent examination thereto are eligible for admission to Two Year M.Tech.(Bio Technology) Programme.
- 2. Duration:** Two Years Comprising 4 Semesters. Each semester has a minimum 90 working days with a minimum of 5 hours a day a minimum of 450 hours per Semester. Candidates who have completed the duration of the programme of study are permitted to appear for the arrear subjects examinations, if any within two years after the duration of the programme.
- 3. Medium:** English is the medium of instruction and examination.
- 4. Weightage for Continuous and End Assessment:** The weightage for Continuous Assessment (CA) and End Assessment (EA) is 25:75 unless the ratio is specifically mentioned in the scheme of Examinations. The question paper is to be set for a maximum of 100 Marks.
- 5. Choice Based Credit System:** Choice Based Credit System is followed with one credit equivalent to one hour for a theory paper and two hours for a practical per week in a cycle of 18 weeks (that is, one credit is equal to 18 hours for each theory paper and one credit is equal to 36 hours for a practical in a semester) in the Time Table. The total credit for the programme (4 semesters) is 90.
- 6. Scheme of Examinations**

I Semester

Code No.	Course Title	L	T	P	C
Theory					
113BTPT01	Applied Statistics for Biotechnologists	3	1	0	3
113BTPT02	Bioprocess Technology	3	0	0	3
113BTPT03	Computational Biology	2	0	2	3
113BTPT04	Entrepreneurship, IPR and Biosafety	3	0	0	3
113BTPT05	Advanced Genetic Engineering	3	0	0	3
113BTPT11	Elective I : Food Processing and Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
113BTPT12	Elective II : Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
113BTPT13	Elective III : Environmental Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
Practical					
113BTTP01	Preparative and Analytical Techniques in Biotechnology	0	0	6	3
Total		23	1	8	33

II Semester

Code No.	Course Title	L	T	P	C
Theory					
213BTPT01	Bioseparation Technology	3	0	0	3
213BTPT02	Immunotechnology	3	0	0	3
213BTPT03	Animal Biotechnology	3	0	0	3
213BTPT04	Elective IV - Bioreactor Engineering	3	0	0	5
213BTPT10	Elective V - Genomics and proteomics	3	0	0	5
213BTPT16	Elective VI - Nanobiotechnology	3	0	0	5
Practical					
213BTTP01	Microbial and Immuno Technology Laboratory	0	0	6	3
Total		18	0	6	27

III Semester

Code No.	Course Title	L	T	P	C
PRACTICAL					
313BTTP01	Advanced Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering Laboratory	0	0	6	3
313BTTP02	Advanced Bioprocess and Downstream Processing Laboratory	0	0	6	3
313BTTP03	Project Work (Phase I)*	0	0	12	8
	Viva Voce				
Total		0	0	24	14

* Candidates who have completed Project work (Phase I) successfully are eligible for Project Work (Phase - II) Examination.

IV Semester

Code No.	Course Title	L	T	P	C
Project					
413BTTP01	Project Work (Phase - II)*	0	0	24	16
	Viva Voce				
Total		0	0	24	16

LIST OF ELECTIVES

Code No.	Course Title	L	T	P	C
Semester I					
113BTPT06	Chemical Engineering for Biotechnologists	3	0	0	5
113BTPT07	Biology for Chemical Engineers	3	0	0	5
113BTPT08	Applied Mathematics for Biotechnologists	3	0	0	5
113BTPT09	Applicable Mathematics for Biotechnologists	3	0	0	5
113BTPT10	Unix Operating System and Programming Language C++	3	0	0	5
113BTPT11	Food Processing and Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
113BTPT12	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
113BTPT13	Environmental Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
113BTPT14	Communication Skills and Personality Development	3	0	0	5
(Semester II)					
213BTPT04	Bioreactor Engineering	3	0	0	5
213BTPT05	Computer Aided Learning of Structure and Function of Proteins	3	0	0	5
213BTPT06	Metabolic Process and Engineering	3	0	0	5
213BTPT07	Advanced Process Control	3	0	0	5
213BTPT08	Bioprocess Modeling and Simulation	3	0	0	5
213BTPT09	Plant Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
213BTPT10	Genomics and proteomics	3	0	0	5
213BTPT11	Plant Design and Practice	3	0	0	5
213BTPT12	Computational Fluid Dynamics	3	0	0	5
213BTPT13	Molecular Therapeutics	3	0	0	5
213BTPT14	Clinical Trials and Bioethics	3	0	0	5
213BTPT15	Advances in Molecular Pathogenesis	3	0	0	5
213BTPT16	Nanobiotechnology	3	0	0	5
213BTPT17	Research and Research Methodology in Biotechnology	3	0	0	5
213BTPT18	Enzyme Technology and Industrial Applications	3	0	0	5

7. Passing Requirements: The minimum pass mark (raw score) be 50% in End Assessment (EA) and 50% in Continuous Assessment (CA) and End Assessment (EA) put together. No minimum mark (raw score) in Continuous Assessment (CA) be prescribed unless it is specifically mentioned in the scheme of Examination.

8. Grading System: Grading System on a 10 Point Scale be followed with 1 mark = 0.1 Grade point to successful candidates as given below.

CONVERSION TABLE

(1 mark = 0.1 Grade Point on a 10 Point Scale)

Range of Marks	Grade Point	Letter Grade	Classification
90 to 100	9.0 to 10.0	O	First Class
80 to 89	8.0 to 8.9	A	First Class
70 to 79	7.0 to 7.9	B	First Class
60 to 69	6.0 to 6.9	C	First Class
50 to 59	5.0 to 5.9	D	Second Class
0 to 49	0 to 4.9	F	Reappearance

Procedure for Calculation

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)	=	$\frac{\text{Sum of Weighted Grade Points}}{\text{Total Credits}}$
	=	$\frac{\sum (CA+EA) C}{\sum C}$
Where Weighted Grade Points in each Course	=	Grade Points (CA+EA) multiplied by Credits
	=	(CA+EA)C
Weighted Cumulative Percentage of Marks(WCPM)	=	CGPAx10

C- Credit,

CA-Continuous Assessment,

EA- End Assessment

9. Pattern of the Question Paper: The question paper for End Assessment will be set for three hours and for the maximum of 100 marks with following divisions and details.

Part A: 10 questions (with equal distribution to all units in the syllabus).
Each questions carries 2 marks.

Part B: 5 questions with either or type (with equal distribution to all units in the syllabus). Each question carries 16 marks.
The total marks scored by the candidates will be reduced to the maximum prescribed in the Regulations.

10. Effective Period of Operation for the Arrear Candidates : Two Year grace period is provided for the candidates to complete the arrear examination, if any.

Registrar

11. Syllabus

113BTPT01 - APPLIED STATISTICS FOR BIOTECHNOLOGISTS

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the ability to apply the concepts of Matrix theory and Linear programming in Engineering problems.
- To familiarize the students in calculus of variations

UNIT I CALCULUS OF VARIATION

Introduction — Euler's equation — several dependent variables Lagrange's equations of Dynamics — Integrals involving derivatives higher than the first — Problems with constraints — Direct methods and eigen value problems.

UNIT II MATRIX THEORY

Eigen values using QR transformations — generalized eigenvectors — canonical forms — singular value decomposition and applications — pseudo inverse — least square approximations.

UNIT III LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEM

Graphical method – simplex method – Big M Technique – Integer programming.

UNIT IV

Random variable - sample spaces-Events-Axiomatic approach to probability-conditional probability -additional theorem,multiplication theorem-Bay's theorem problems-continuous and discrete random variables,Distribution function-Expectation with properties-Moments,mean,variance problems-for continuous and discrete distributions.

UNIT V

Bivariate distribution-conditional and marginal distribution-Discrete distribution-Binomial,Poisson,Geometric distribution-continuous distribution,Normal,Exponential and negative exponential,gamma distribution-simple problems-properties.

REFERENCES

- 1.Gupta, A.S, Calculus of variations with Applications, Prentice – Hall of India New Delhi, 1997.
- 2.Broson, R., Matrix operations, Schaum's outline series, McGraw Hill, New York, 1989.
- 3.Taha H.A, "Operation Research – An Introduction", Prentice Hall of India, 2001
- 4.Johson,R.A. "Miller & Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers". 6th edition PHI, 2003.
5. Comprehensive Statistical Methods by P.N Arora, S.Arora –S.Chand & Co.
- 6.Kandasamy, P.K.Thilagavathi & K.Gunavathi. "Probability Statistics and Queuing Theory",S.Chand & Co.,2004.

113BTPT02 - BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY

UNIT I BLACK BOX MODEL

Yield coefficients, black box stoichiometries, elemental balances, heat balance, degrees of reduction balances, systematic analysis of black box stoichiometries, identification of gross measurement errors.

UNIT II MODELING OF VARIOUS FERMENTATION PROCESSES

Principles of model building for biotechnological processes, unstructured models on the population level, structured models on the cellular level, morphologically structured model, genetically structured models, cybernetic model, modeling of recombinant systems.

UNIT III DESIGN OF FERMENTATION PROCESSES

Kinetics of substrate utilization, biomass growth and product formation, inhibition on cell growth and product formation. Design and operation of continuous cultures, chemostat in series, batch and fed batch cultures, total cell retention cultivation.

UNIT IV BIOREACTOR DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION

Basic design and construction of CSTR, bioreactor design of agitator/agitator motor, power consumption in aerated bioreactor, design of sparger, mixing time estimation, oxygen mass transfer capability in bioreactor, Removal of Heat in bioreactor, Main parameters to be monitored and controlled in fermentation processes.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES IN FERMENTATION DERIVED PRODUCTS

Case studies on Production of green chemicals, algal biofuels, recombinant Insulin. Case studies should deal with medium design, reactor design & process optimization etc.

TEXTS BOOKS

1. Shuler, M.L. and Kargi, F. Bioprocess Engineering : Basic concepts, 2nd ed., Prentice- Hall, 2002.
2. Doran Pauline M, Bioprocess Engineering Principles, Academic Press, 1995
3. Nielsen, J. and Villadsen, J. "Bioreaction Engineering Principles". Springer, 2007.
4. Blanch, H.W and Clark D.S., "Biochemical Engineering", Marcel Dekker,1997

REFERENCES

1. Bailey, J.E. and Ollis, D.F. Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals", 2nd ed., McGraw Hill 1986.
2. Stanbury, P.F., Stephen J. Hall & A. Whitaker, Principles of Fermentation Technology, Science & Technology Books.

113BTPT03 - COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY AND SEQUENCE ANALYSIS

Molecular sequences, Genome sequencing: pipeline and data, Next generation sequencing data, Biological databases: Protein and Nucleotide databases, Sequence Alignment, Dynamic Programming for computing edit distance and string similarity, Local and Global Alignment, Needleman Wunsch Algorithm, Smith Waterman Algorithm, BLAST family of programs, FASTA algorithm, Functional Annotation, Progressive and Iterative Methods for Multiple sequence alignment, Applications.

UNIT II PHYLOGENETICS

Introduction to Phylogenetics, Distance and Character based methods for phylogenetic tree construction: UPGMA, Neighbour joining, Ultrametric and Min ultrametric trees, Parsimonous trees, Additive trees, Bootstrapping.

UNIT III PROTEIN STRUCTURE, MODELLING AND SIMULATIONS

Protein Structure Basics, Visualization, Prediction of Secondary Structure and Tertiary Structure, Homology Modeling, Structural Genomics, Molecular Docking principles and applications, Molecular dynamics simulations.

UNIT IV MACHINE LEARNING, SYSTEMS BIOLOGY AND OTHER ADVANCED TOPICS

Machine learning techniques: Artificial Neural Networks and Hidden Markov Models: Applications in Protein Secondary Structure Prediction and Gene Finding, Introduction to Systems Biology and its applications in whole cell modelling, Microarrays and Clustering techniques for microarray data analysis, informatics in Genomics and Proteomics, DNA computing.

UNIT V PERL FOR BIOINFORMATICS

Variables, Data types, control flow constructs, Pattern Matching, String manipulation, arrays, lists and hashes, File handling, Programs to handle biological data and parse output files for interpretation

Laboratory Demonstrations for:

Biological Databases, Sequence alignment: BLAST family of programs, FASTA, ClustalW for multiple sequence alignment, Phylogenetics software, Homology Modeling and Model evaluation, AutoDock, GROMACS, Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Gene finding software, Programs in PERL.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Dan Gusfield. Algorithms on Strings Trees and Sequences, Cambridge University Press.
2. David W. Mount Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Second Edition, 2004.
3. Arthur M. Lesk, Introduction to Bioinformatics by Oxford University Press, 2008.
4. Tisdall, James, Beginning PERL for Bioinformatics, O'Reilley Publications, 2001.
5. Andrew R. Leach, Molecular Modeling Principles And Applications, Second Edition, Prentice Hall.

REFERENCES

1. Baldi, P., Brunak, S. Bioinformatics: The Machine Learning Approach, 2nd ed., East West Press, 2003
2. Baxevanis A.D. and Oullette, B.F.F. A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins, 2nd ed., John Wiley, 2002
3. Durbin, R. Eddy S., Krogh A., Mitchison G. Biological Sequence Analysis: Probabilistic
4. Models of Proteins and Nucleic Acids. Cambridge University Press, 1998.
5. Proteomics from protein sequence to function: Edited by S.R.Pennington and M.J.Dunn, Taylor and Francis Group, 2001.

113BTPT04 - ENTREPRENEURSHIP, IPR AND BIOSAFETY

UNIT I ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Definition. Functions and kinds of entrepreneurs. Intrapreneur, Entrepreneurship and economic development, Entrepreneurial competencies and traits, developing competencies. Project identification, selection and financing. Project report- content and significance, Planning Commission's guidelines for formulating project reports-methods of project appraisals.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Types of Intellectual property (IP): Patents, Trademarks, Copyright & Related Rights, Industrial Design, Traditional Knowledge, Geographical Indications, Protection of GMOs IP as a factor in R&D; IPs of relevance to Biotechnology Agreements and Treaties. History of GATT & TRIPS Agreement; Madrid Agreement; Hague Agreement; WIPO Treaties; Budapest Treaty; PCT; Indian Patent Act 1970 & recent amendments Case Studies

UNIT III BASICS OF PATENTS AND CONCEPT OF PRIOR ART

Introduction to Patents; Types of patent applications: Ordinary, PCT, Conventional, Divisional and Patent of Addition; Specifications: Provisional and complete; Forms and fees Invention in context of "prior art"; Patent databases; Searching International Databases; Country-wise patent searches (USPTO, esp@cenet (EPO), PATENT Scope(WIPO), IPO, etc.)

UNIT IV PATENTING PROCEDURES

National & PCT filing procedure; Time frame and cost; Status of the patent applications filed; Precautions while patenting – disclosure/non-disclosure; Financial assistance for patenting - introduction to existing schemes Patent licensing and agreement Patent infringement meaning, scope, litigation, case studies

UNIT V BIOSAFETY

Introduction; Historical Background; Introduction to Biological Safety Cabinets; Primary Containment for Biohazards; Biosafety Levels; Biosafety Levels of Specific Microorganisms; Recommended Biosafety Levels for Infectious Agents and Infected Animals; Biosafety guidelines - Government of India; Definition of GMOs & LMOs; Roles of Institutional Biosafety Committee, RCGM, GEAC etc. for GMO applications in food and agriculture; Environmental release of GMOs; Risk Analysis; Risk Assessment; Risk management and communication; Overview of National Regulations and relevant International Agreements including Cartagena Protocol.

TEXTS/REFERENCES:

1. BAREACT, Indian Patent Act 1970 Acts & Rules, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 2007
2. Kankanala C., Genetic Patent Law & Strategy, 1st Edition, Manupatra, Information Solution Pvt. Ltd., 2007
3. S.S.Kanka Entrepreneurship Development, S.Chand and Co, New Delhi 1997.

UNIT I CLONING AND EXPRESSION OF GENES

Overview of Restriction and Modification system. Cloning vehicles: Plasmids – Host range, Copy number control, Compatibility. λ phage – Insertional and Replacement vectors, *in vitro* packaging. Single strand DNA vector – M13 Phage. Cosmids, Phasmids, PAC, BAC and YAC. Expression vector – Characteristics, RNA probe synthesis, High level expression of proteins, Protein solubilization, purification and export.

UNIT II CONSTRUCTION OF DNA LIBRARIES

DNA library – Types and importance. cDNA library: Conventional cloning strategies – Oligo dT priming, self priming and its limitations. Full length cDNA cloning – CAPture method and Oligo capping. Strategies for gDNA library construction – Chromosome walking. Differences between gDNA and cDNA library. Screening strategies – Hybridization, PCR, Immunoscreening, South-western and North-Western. Functional cloning – Functional complementation and gain of function. Difference cloning: Differential screening, Subtracted DNA library, differential display by PCR. Overview on microarray and its applications.

UNIT III DNA SEQUENCING

DNA sequencing – Importance, Chemical & Enzymatic methods, Pyrosequencing, Automated sequence, Genome sequencing methods – top down approach, bottom up approach.

UNIT IV PCR AND MUTAGENESIS

PCR – Principle and applications. Different types of PCR – Hot start PCR, Touchdown PCR, Multiplex PCR, Inverse PCR, Nested PCR, AFLP-PCR, Allele specific PCR, Assembly PCR, Asymmetric PCR, LATE-PCR, Colony PCR, *in situ* PCR, Long PCR. Real-time PCR – SYBR Green assay, Taqman Probes, Molecular beacons. Mutagenesis and chimeric protein engineering by PCR, RACE, Kuntels' method of mutagenesis.

UNIT V GENE TRANSFER & GENE THERAPY

Introduction of foreign genes into animal cells – Importance, DNA Microinjection, Retroviral vectors, Transfection of Embryonic stem cells, recombination. Transgenic plants – Importance, Ti Plasmid, Co integrate and Binary vectors. Overview of Gene therapy.

REFERENCES

1. Primrose S.B., Twyman R.H., and Old R.W. Principles of Gene Manipulation, 6th ed., Blackwell Science, 2001
2. Winnacker E.L. From Genes to clones : Introduction to Gene Technology, Panima, 2003
3. Glick B.R. and Pasternak J.J. Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and applications of recombinant DNA, 3rd ed., ASM Press, 2003
4. Lemonie, N.R. and Cooper, D.N. Gene therapy, BIOS Scientific, 1996.

113BTTP01 - PREPARATIVE AND ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

1. Preparation of Acetate, Tris and Phosphate Buffer systems and validation of Henderson-Hasselbach equation.
2. Reactions of amino acids – Ninhydrin, Pthaldehyde, Dansyl chloride – measurement using colorimetric and fluorimetric methods.
3. Differential estimations of carbohydrates – reducing vs non-reducing, polymeric vs oligomeric, hexose vs pentose
4. Estimation of protein concentration using Lowrys' method, Dye-binding method
5. DNA determination by UV-Vis Spectrophotometer – hyperchromic effect Separation of lipids by TLC.
6. Enzyme Kinetics: Direct and indirect assays – determination of K_m , V_{max} and K_{cat} , K_{cat}/K_m
7. Restriction enzyme – Enrichment and unit calculation
8. Ion-exchange Chromatography – Purification of IgG and Albumin
9. Gel filtration – Size based separation of proteins
10. Affinity chromatography – IMAC purification of His-tagged recombinant protein
11. Assessing purity by SDS-PAGE Gel Electrophoresis
12. Chemical modification of proteins – PITC modification of IgG and Protein immobilization

REFERENCES

1. Biochemical Methods: A Concise Guide for Students and Researchers, Alfred Pingoud, Claus Urbanke, Jim Hoggett, Albert Jeltsch, 2002 John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc,
2. Biochemical Calculations: How to Solve Mathematical Problems in General Biochemistry, 2nd Edition, Irwin H. Segel, 1976 John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc,
3. Principles and Techniques of Practical Biochemistry- Wilson, K. and Walker, J. Cambridge Press.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIOSEPARATION

Characterization of biomolecules and fermentation broth. Guidelines to recombinant protein purification.

UNIT II SOLID-LIQUID SEPARATION AND CELL DISRUPTION

Solid liquid separation- microfiltration and centrifugation – theory and design for scaleup operation. Cell disruption – Homogeniser , dynamill – principle, factors affecting disruption, batch and continuous operation. Cell disruption by chemical methods.

UNIT III CONCENTRATION AND PURIFICATION

Liquid- liquid extraction – theory and practice with emphasis on Aqueous two phase extraction. Solid liquid extraction. Precipitation techniques using salt and solvent. Separation by ultrafiltration, Dialysis, Electrophoresis.

UNIT IV CHROMATOGRAPHY

Theory, practice and selection of media for – Gelfiltration chromatography, Ion exchange chromatography, Hydrophobic interaction chromatography, reverse phase chromatography, Affinity chromatography – Metal affinity chromatography, dye affinity chromatography, immunosorbent affinity chromatography & Expanded bed chromatography. Scaleup criteria for chromatography, calculation of no of theoretical plates and design.

UNIT V FINAL POLISHING AND CASE STUDIES

Freeze drying, spray drying and crystallization. Purification of cephalosporin, aspartic acid, Recombinant Streptokinase, Monoclonal antibodies, Tissue plasminogen activator, Taq polymerase, Insulin.

REFERENCES

1. Belter,P.A. et al., Bioseparations: Downstream Processing For Biotechnology, John- Wiley , 1988
2. Janson J.C, & Ryden L. Protein Purification: Principles, High Resolution Methods And Applications, VCH Pub. 1989.
3. Scopes R.K. – Protein Purification – Principles And Practice, Narosa , 1994.

213BTPT02 - IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Cells of the immune system and their development; primary and secondary lymphoid organs; humoral immune response; cell mediated immune responses; complement.

UNIT II ANTIBODIES

Monoclonal antibodies and their use in diagnostics; ELISA; Agglutination tests; Antigen detection assay; Plaque Forming Cell Assay.

UNIT III CELLULAR IMMUNOLOGY

PBMC separation from the blood; identification of lymphocytes based on CD markers; FACS; Lymphoproliferation assay; Mixed lymphocyte reaction; Cr51 release assay; macrophage cultures; cytokine bioassays- IL2, gamma IFN, TNF alpha.; HLA typing.

UNIT IV VACCINE TECHNOLOGY

Basic principles of vaccine development; protein based vaccines; DNA vaccines; Plant based vaccines; recombinant antigens as vaccines; reverse vaccinology

UNIT V DEVELOPMENT OF IMMUNOTHERAPEUTICS

Engineered antibodies; catalytic antibodies; idiotypic antibodies; combinatorial libraries for antibody isolation.

REFERENCES

1. Roitt, Ivan. Essential Immunology, 9th ed., Blackwell Scientific, 1997
2. Roitt I., Brostoff J. and Male D. Immunology, 6th ed. Mosby, 2001
3. Goldsby, R.A., Kindt, T.J., Osborne, B.A. and Kerby J. Immunology, 5th ed., W.H. Freeman, 2003
4. Weir, D.M. and Stewart, J. Immunology, 8th ed., Churchill, Livingstone, 1997

213BTPT03 - ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Scope of Animal Biotechnology, Animal Biotechnology for production of regulatory proteins, blood products, vaccines, hormones and other therapeutic proteins.

UNIT II MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Biology of animal viral vectors- SV40, adeno virus, retrovirus, vaccinia virus, herpes virus, adeno associated virus and baculo virus.

UNIT III CELL CULTURE TECHNOLOGY

Culturing of cells, primary and secondary cell lines, Cell culture-Scaling up of animal cell culture- monolayer culture, suspension culture; Various bio-reactors used for animal cell culture-Roller bottle culture; Bioreactor process control, stirred animal cell culture, Air-lift fermentor, Chemostat/Turbidostat; High technology vaccines; Hybridoma technology; Cell lines and their applications

UNIT IV GENETIC ENGINEERING

Gene therapy-prospects and problems; Knock out mice and mice model for human genetic disorder; Baculo virus in biocontrol; Enzymes technology, Somatic manipulation of DNA, Nucleic acid hybridization and probes in diagnosis- preparation of probes, evaluation and applications.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

Rumen manipulation- probiotics embryo transfer technology, invitro fertilization, transgenesis- methods of transferring genes into animal oocytes, eggs, embryos and specific tissues by physical, chemical and biological methods; Biopharming -Transgenic animals (Mice, Cows, Pigs, Sheep, Goat, Birds and Insects); Artificial insemination and embryo transfer.

REFERENCES

1. Watson, J.D., Gilman, M., Witowski J.and Zoller, M. Recombinant DNA, 2nd ed., Scientific American Books, 1983
2. Glick, B.R. and Pasternack, J.J. Molecular Biotechnology, 3rd ed., ASM Press, 2003
3. Lewin, B. Genes VIII , Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004
4. Davis J.M. Basic Cell Culture: A Practical Approach, IRL Press, 1998
5. Freshney R.I. Animal Cell Culture- a practical approach, 1987

PART I MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY

1. Disinfection, safety instructions; Preparation of media and Sterilization
2. Identification and staining of microbes (gram staining, Giemsa etc)
3. Enumeration of microorganisms by serial dilution
4. Growth curve, measure of bacterial population by turbidometry

PART II IMMUNO TECHNOLOGY

1. Ethics, selection and handling of animals for immunological experiments (Eg. Mice, Rats, Rabbits)
2. Preparation of antigen and Routes of immunisation (Intra-peritoneal, Sub-cutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra-nasal, Oral)
3. Methods of bleeding (Eg. Tail bleeding, Intravenous, intraorbital)
4. Collection of serum, storage and purification of total IgG (salt precipitation).
5. Evaluation of Antibody titre by direct ELISA
6. Evaluation of Antigen by Sandwich ELISA
7. Characterisation of antigens by native, SDS-PAGE
8. Characterisation of antigens by Immunoblotting
9. Conjugation of Immunoglobins (Streptavidin, colloidal gold)
10. Methods for prototype development of Immunodiagnosics (ICT card)
11. Blood smear identification of leucocytes by Giemsa stain
12. Separation of mononuclear cells by Ficoll-Hypaque
13. Separation of splenocytes and proliferation against mitogens

REFERENCES

1. Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Ed Harlow, David P Lane, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 2nd Edition, 1998
2. Molecular cloning : A laboratory manual / Joseph Sambrook, David W. Russell. 3rd ed. Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. : Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 2001
3. Current protocols in immunology / editorial board John E. Coligan .et al,. 2003, New York : Wiley Interscience, 2003.

**313BTTP01 - ADVANCED MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETIC
ENGINEERING LABORATORY**

1. Isolation of DNA
2. Electroporation to Yeast
3. Isolation of RNA
4. cDNA synthesis
5. Real-time PCR
6. Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA)
7. Western blot with ECL detection
8. Site directed mutagenesis
9. Southern blot (Non-radioactive)
10. Electrophoretic Mobility Shift Assay (Non-radioactive)

REFERENCES:

1. Joe Sambrook and David William Russel. "Molecular cloning: A laboratory manual", CSHL press.

LABORATORY

Enzyme kinetics, inhibition, factors affecting reaction ph, temp.

Enzyme immobilization studies – Gel entrapment, adsorption and ion exchange immobilisation.

Optimization techniques – Plackett burman, Response surface methodology.

Batch cultivation – recombinant *E.coli* – growth rate, substrate utilization kinetics, plasmid stability, product analysis after induction, Metabolite analysis by HPLC

Fed batch cultivation *E.coli*, *Pichia pastoris*

Continuous cultivation – x - d construction, kinetic parameter evaluation, gas analysis, carbon balancing, Pulse and shift techniques.

Bioreactor studies : Sterilisation kinetics, kLa determination, residence time distribution

Animal cell culture production: T-flask, spinner flask, bioreactor

Cell separation methods; Centrifugation and microfiltration

Cell disruption methos: Chemical lysis and Physical methods

Product concentration: Precipitation, ATPS, Ultrafiltration

High resolution purification; Ion exchange, affinity and Gel filtration

Freeze drying.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to chemical engineering sciences and its role in the design & analysis of chemical processes. Overview of unit operations and processes in the chemical industry. Units and conversion factor. Introduction to Dimensional analysis.

UNIT II MATERIAL AND ENERGY BALANCES

Overall and component material balances - Material balances without chemical reactions - Chemical reactions -stoichiometry - conversion and yield - Material balance calculations with chemical reactions - combustion calculations - recycle operations. Energy balances - Entropy - Latent heat - Chemical reactions - combustion. Concepts of chemical thermodynamics, the relation to VLE, solution thermodynamics and reaction thermodynamics.

UNIT III FLUID MECHANICS

Properties of fluids; Fluid statics – forces at fluid surfaces, Pressure and measurement of pressure differences; Fluid flow concepts and basic equations of fluid flow – continuity equation and Bernoulli's equation; shear stress relationship and viscous effects in fluid flow; non newtonian fluids; significance of dimensionless groups in fluid flow operations.

UNIT IV TRANSPORTATION OF FLUIDS

Different types of pumps, compressors and valves. Measurement of fluid flow using hydrodynamic methods, direct displacement method. Types of agitators, flow patterns in agitated vessels, calculation of power consumption – applications in bioreactor design

UNIT V HEAT TRANSFER

Nature of heat flow - Conduction, convection, radiation. Steady state conduction, Principles of heat flow in fluids, Heat transfer by forced convection in laminar and turbulent flow. Heat exchange equipments- principles and design.

REFERENCES

1. Bhatt B.I., Vora S.M. Stoichiometry.3rd ed., Tata McGraw-Hill, 1977.
2. McCabe W.L., *et al.*, Unit Operations In Chemical Engineering. 6th ed., McGraw-Hill Inc., 2001.
3. Geankoplis C.J. Transport Processes And Unit Operations. 3rd ed., Prentice Hall India, 2003.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIOLOGICAL MOLECULES

Basic Carbon Chemistry, Types of biomolecules, Molecular structure and function of Biological Macromolecules - Proteins, Nucleic acids, Carbohydrates, Lipids

UNIT II GENES TO METABOLIC END-PRODUCTS

Basics of DNA replication, transcription, translation, biocatalysis, pathways and metabolism

UNIT III MOLECULAR CELL BIOLOGY AND ENERGETICS

Functional organization of cells at molecular level; membranes, molecular communication across membranes, energetics – proton motive force, ATP synthesis, respiration; photosynthesis

UNIT IV MOLECULAR BASIS OF MICROBIAL FORMS AND THEIR DIVERSITY

Structural differences between different microbial cell types; overview of primary and secondary metabolism of microbes, commercial products like antibiotics, vitamins from microbes

UNIT V MOLECULAR BASIS OF HIGHER LIFE FORMS

Molecular differences between various eukaryotic cell types, tissue proteins, blood, important molecular components of blood, albumin, antibodies, hormones and their actions.

REFERENCES

1. Interactive Concepts in Biochemistry by Rodney Boyer, Copyright 2002, John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc.
2. <http://www.wiley.com/legacy/college/boyer/0470003790/index.htm>
3. Biochemistry by Lubert Stryer, 5th Edition W. H. Freeman and Company, New York
4. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, 4th Edn, by David L. Nelson and Michael M. Cox,
5. Molecular Cell Biology, Sixth Edition., by Harvey Lodish, Arnold Berk, Chris A. Kaiser, Monty Krieger, Matthew P. Scott, Anthony Bretscher, Hidde Ploegh, Paul Matsudaira Bioenergetics at a Glance: An Illustrated Introduction D. A. Harris, 1995 John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc
6. Introduction to General, Organic, and Biochemistry, 8th Edition Morris Hein, Leo
7. R. Best, Scott Pattison, Susan Arena 2004, John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc
8. An Introduction to Molecular Biotechnology: Molecular Fundamentals, Methods and Applications in Modern Biotechnology Michael Wink (Editor) 2006, John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc

113BTPT08 - APPLIED MATHEMATICS FOR BIOTECHNOLOGISTS

UNIT I

First order and second order-application to biology.Lagrange's method and Charpits method.

UNIT II

Probability –Addition theorem, Multiplication theorem and conditional probability-Baye's theorem. Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution and Normal distribution.

UNIT III

Curve fitting –fitting a straight line and second degree curve. Correlation and Regression. Fitting a non linear curve. Bivariate correlation application to biological sciences.

UNIT IV

Sampling distributions-Large samples and Small samples. Testing of Null hypothesis-Z test, t test and χ^2 test. Type I and Type II errors. Fisher's F Test. Goodness of fit.

UNIT V

Design of Experiments –One way, Two way classifications – Randomied Block Designs- Latin Square Designs.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics 37th Edition. By Grewal.
2. Comprehensive Statistical Methods By P.N.Arora, Sumeet Arora, S.Arora. S.Chand & Co

REFERENCES

1. Probability and Statistics for Engineers 6th Edition. Prentice Hall By R.A.Johnson.
 2. Statistical Quality control for the Food Industry. By MERTON R .HUBBARD
- Mathematical Statistics By V.C.Kapoor and Gupta.

OBJECTIVE

To provide basics concepts of probability, sampling theory, analysis of variance and quality control.

OUTCOME

Students will have an exposure of various distribution, sampling distribution including nonparametric test. able to analyse applications of sampling theory, design of experiments and quality control to technology.

UNIT I CALCULUS

Calculus (Quick review of concepts): Review of limits, continuity, differentiability; Mean value theorem, Taylor's Theorem, Maxima and Minima; Fundamental theorem of Calculus; Improper integrals; Applications to area, volume; Convergence of sequences and series; Power series; Partial Derivatives; Gradient and Directional derivatives; Chain rule; Maxima and Minima.

UNIT II DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Introduction- Differential Equation and solution-First order, linear differential equation, partial differential equations solution-Variou types of partial different equation of the form $f(p,q)=0$, $f(x, p, q)=0$, $f(x, p)=g(y, q)$. Clairaut's form $z=px+qy+f(p,q)$, Lagrange's equation $Pp+Qq=R$. Total Differentiation $Pdx+Qdy+Rdz=0$. Simple Problem application to biology

UNIT III SECOND AND HIGHER ORDER DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Linear ODE's with constant coefficients: the characteristic equations; Cauchy-Euler equations; Linear dependence and Wronskians; Method of undetermined coefficients; Method of variation of parameters; Laplace transforms: Inverse theorem, shifting theorems, partial fractions.

UNIT IV LINEAR ALGEBRA

Basics: Vectors, matrices, determinants; Matrix addition and multiplication; Systems of equations: Gauss elimination, Matrix rank, Linear independence, Cramer's rule; Inverse of a matrix: Gauss-Jordan elimination; Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors: characteristic polynomials, eigenvalues of special matrices(orthogonal, unitary, hermitian, symmetric, skewsymmetric, normal)

UNIT V NUMERICAL METHODS

Solution of equations by iteration; Interpolation by polynomials; Piecewise linear and cubic splines; Numeric integration and differentiation; Linear systems: Gauss elimination, Gauss- Siedel, matrix inversion; LU factorization; Matrix eigenvalues; Numerical solution of ODEs: Euler and Runge-Kutta methods, Predictor-Corrector methods; Exposure to software packages like Matlab or Scilab.

TEXTS BOOKS

1. G. B. Thomas and R. L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic Geometry, 9th Edition, ISE Reprint, Addison-Wesley, 1998.
2. E. Kreyszig, Advanced engineering mathematics, 8th Edition, John Wiley, 1999.
3. W. E. Boyce and R. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations, 8th Edition, John Wiley, 2005.
4. Higher Engineering Mathematics,37th Edition By Grewal.

113BTPT10 - UNIX OPERATING SYSTEM AND PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE C++

UNIT I UNIX OPERATING SYSTEM

Introduction to Operating Systems, Basic Commands in Unix, vi editor, filters, input/output redirection, piping, transfer of data between devices, shell scripts.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO C++

Programming methodologies- Introduction to Object Oriented Programming - Comparison of Procedural and Object Oriented languages - Basics of C++ environment, Data types, Control Flow Constructs, Library functions, Arrays

UNIT III CLASSES

Definition-Data members-Function members-Access specifiers-Constructors-Default constructors-Copy constructors-Destructors-Static members- This pointer- Constant members- Free store operators- Control statements

UNIT IV INHERITANCE AND POLYMORPHISM

Overloading operators- Functions- Friends- Class derivation-Virtual functions-Abstract base classes- Multiple inheritance.

UNIT V TEMPLATES AND FILE HANDLING

Class templates-Function templates-Exception handling- File Handling **Lab:** Exercises for all the topics.

REFERENCES

1. Kochen, S.J. & Wood, P.H. Exploring the Unix System, Techmedia, 1999
2. Bach M.J., The design of Unix operating systems, Prentice Hall of India, 1999.
3. Lippman S.B., The C++ Primer, Addison Wesley, 1998.
4. Deitel and Deitel, C++ How to Program, Prentice Hall, 1998.
5. Balagurasamy E. , Object-Oriented Programming using C++, Tata McGraw- Hill, 2002.

113BTPT11 - FOOD PROCESSING AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

UNIT I FOOD CHEMISTRY

Constituent of food – contribution to texture, flavour and organoleptic properties of food; food additives – intentional and non-intentional and their functions; enzymes in food processing.

UNIT II FOOD MICROBIOLOGY

Sources and activity of microorganisms associated with food; food fermentation; food chemicals; food borne diseases – infections and intoxications, food spoilage – causes.

UNIT III FOOD PROCESSING

Raw material characteristics; cleaning, sorting and grading of foods; physical conversion operations – mixing, emulsification, extraction, filtration, centrifugation, membrane separation, crystallization, heat processing.

UNIT IV FOOD PRESERVATION

Use of high temperatures – sterilization, pasteurization, blanching, aseptic canning; frozen storage – freezing curve characteristics. Factors affecting quality of frozen foods; irradiation preservation of foods

UNIT V MANUFACTURE OF FOOD PRODUCTS

Bread and baked goods, dairy products – milk processing, cheese, butter, ice-cream, vegetable and fruit products; edible oils and fats; meat, poultry and fish products; confectionery, beverages.

REFERENCES

1. Coultate T.P. Food – The chemistry of its components, 2nd ed., Royal society, London, 1992
2. Sivasankar B. Food processing and preservation, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2002
3. Fennema O.R. ed. Principles of food science : Part I, Food chemistry, Marcel Dekker, New York, 1976.
4. Frazier W.C. and Westhoff D.C. Food Microbiology, 4th ed. McGram-Hill Book Co., New York, 1988
5. Brenner, J.G., Butters, J.R., Cowell, N.D. and Lilly, A.E.V. Food engineering operations, 2nd ed., Applied Sciences Pub.ltd., London,1979
6. Pyke, M. Food Science and Technology , 4th ed., John Murray, London, 1981

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

History of pharmaceutical industry, Drugs discovery and Development phases; Drugs and Cosmetics ACT and regulatory aspects; Definition: Generics and its advantages; Biogenerics and Biosimilars; The role of patents in the drug industry; Protein-based biopharmaceuticals; International Non-proprietary Names (INN) nomenclature system biosimilars regulation

UNIT II DOSAGE FORM: SCIENCE, PHARMACOKINETICS AND PHARMACODYNAMICS

Definition of Dosage forms, Classification of dosage forms (solid unit dosages – Tablets, capsules; liquids – solutions, lotions, suspension etc; semi-solid – ointments, creams, gel, suppositories, etc; Parenterals, Aerosols etc), Introduction to pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic principles (factors affecting the ADME process); bioavailability, bioequivalence.

UNIT III DRUG DELIVERY AND CHARACTERISATION OF BIOGENERIC RECOMBINANTS

Advanced drug delivery systems – controlled release, transdermals, liposomes and drug targeting. Approaches to the characterization of biosimilars; Problems in characterizing biologics (Types of biologic, Peptides, Non-glycosylated proteins, Glycosylated proteins, Monoclonal antibodies); Equivalence issues; Post-translational modifications; Effect of microheterogeneity.

UNIT IV PHARMACOLOGY PRINCIPLES, CLASSIFICATION OF DRUGS AND MECHANISM

Understanding principles of pharmacology, pharmacodynamics Study of a few classes of therapeutics like laxatives, antacids and drugs used in peptic ulcers, drugs used in coughs and colds, analgesics, contraceptives, antibiotics (folate inhibitors, protein synthesis inhibitors, DNA inhibitors), hormonal agonists and antagonists.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES ON BIOPHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Erythropoietin, Insulin, Somatotropin, Interleukin-2, Interferon Granulocyte- macrophage CSF, Factor VIIa, Factor IX, Factor VIII, Tissue plasminogen activator, Monoclonal antibodies and engineered Mabs

REFERENCES

1. Gareth Thomas. Medicinal Chemistry. An introduction. John Wiley. 2000.
2. Katzung B.G. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, Prentice Hall of Intl. 1995.
3. T.V.Ramabhadran. Pharmaceutical Design And Development : A Molecular Biology Approach, Ellis Horwood Publishers, New York, 2005
4. Goodman & Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 11th edition, Mc Graw- Hill Medical Publishing Division New York, 2006.
5. Sarfaraz K. Niazi, Handbook of Biogeneric Therapeutic Proteins: Regulatory, Manufacturing, Testing, and Patent Issues, CRC Press, 2006.
6. Rodney J Y Ho, MILO Gibaldi, Biotechnology & Biopharmaceuticals Transforming proteins and genes into drugs, 1st Edition, Wiley Liss, 2003.
7. Brahmankar D M, Jaiswal S B, Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics A Treatise, Vallabh Publisher, (1995, reprint 2008)

113BTPT13 - ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

OBJECTIVE

The proposed course is designed to teach students the scientific and engineering principles of microbiological treatment technologies to clean up contaminated environments and to generate valuable resources for the human society. Conventional treatment methodologies can be replaced with the advancements in biotechnological field such as molecular biology and genetic engineering strategies will be taught to the students. Also this study paves the way for the alternate sources of energy to avoid environmental issues.

UNIT I

Microbial flora of soil, Ecological adaptations, Interactions among soil microorganisms, biogeochemical role of soil microorganisms. Biodegradation, Microbiology of degradation and its mechanism, Bioaugmentation, Biosorption, Bioleaching, Bioremediation- Types of Bioremediation, Bioreactors for Bioremediation, Metabolic pathways for Biodegradation for specific organic pollutants.

UNIT II

Pollution- Sources of pollutants for Air, Water (ground water, marine), Noise, Land and its characteristics- Pollution control and management- Environmental monitoring & sampling, Physical, chemical and biological methods and analysis- Air pollution- control and treatment strategies. Modes of Biological treatment methods for wastewater- aerobic digestion, anaerobic digestion, Anoxic digestion, the activated sludge process, Design and modeling of activated sludge processes, Aerobic digestion, Design of a trickling biological filter, Design of anaerobic digester.

UNIT III

Industrial waste management- Dairy, Paper & Pulp, Textile, leather, hospital and pharmaceutical industrial waste management, e-waste- radioactive and nuclear power waste management- Solid waste management.

UNIT IV

Molecular biology tools for Environmental management, rDNA technology in waste treatment, Genetically modified organisms in Waste management, Genetic Sensors, Metagenomics, Bioprospecting, Nanoscience in Environmental management, Phytoremediation for heavy metal pollution, Biosensors development to monitor pollution.

UNIT V

Alternate Source of Energy, Biomass as a source of energy, Biocomposting, Vermiculture, Biofertilizers, Organic farming, Biofuels, Biomineralization, Bioethanol and Biohydrogen, Bioelectricity through microbial fuel cell, energy management and safety.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Chakrabarty K.D., Omen G.S., Biotechnology And Biodegradation, Advances In Applied Biotechnology Series , Vol.1, Gulf Publications Co., London, 1989.
2. Waste water Engineering Treatment, Disposal and Reuse. Metcalf & Eddy (1991) Mc Graw Hill.
3. Environmental Biotechnology, Forster, C. F and Waste, D.A. J. (1987) Ellis Horwood Halsted Press.
4. Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals 2nd Ed. Bailey, J. E. and Ollis, D. F. (1986) Mac Graw Hill, New York.
5. Environmental Biotechnology by Alan Scragg (1999); Longman.
6. Bruce E. Rittmann, Eric Seagren, Brian A.Wrenn and Albert J. Valocchi, Chittaranjan Ray, Lutgarde Raskin, "In-situ Bioremediation" (2nd Edition) Naves Publication, U.S.A, 1991.
7. Old R.W., and Primrose, S.B., Principles of Gene Manipulation (3rd Edition) Blackwell Science Publication, Cambridge, 1985.

REFERENCES

1. Stanier R.Y., Ingraham J.L., Wheelis M.L., Painter R.R., General Microbiology, Mcmillan Publications, 1989.
2. New Processes of Waste water treatment and recovery. G.Mattock E.D. (1978) Ellis Horwood.
3. Environmental Biotechnology, Jogdand, S.N. (1995) Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
4. Comprehensive Biotechnology (Vol. 1-4) Young Murray Moo (Ed.) (1985) Elsever Sciences.
5. Standard Method for Examination of Water & Waste water 14th Ed.(1985) American Public Health Ass.
6. Lee, C.C. and Shun dar Lin, Handbook of Environmental Engineering Calculations, Mc Graw Hill, New York, 1999.
7. Hendricks, D. 'Water Treatment Unit Processes – Physical and Chemical' CRC Press, New York 2006
8. Martin, A.M., Biological Degradation of Wastes, Elsevier Appl. Science, New York, 1991.
9. Sayler, Gray S. Robert Fox and James W. Blackburn," Environmental Biotechnology for Waste Treatment, Plenum Press, New York, 1991.

UNIT I PROCESS OF COMMUNICATION

Concept of effective communication- Setting clear goals for communication; Determining outcomes and results; Initiating communication; Avoiding breakdowns while communicating; Creating value in conversation; Barriers to effective communication; Non verbal communication- Interpreting non verbal cues; Importance of body language, Power of effective listening; recognizing cultural differences

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS

Formal presentation skills; Preparing and presenting using Over Head Projector, Power Point; Defending Interrogation; Scientific poster preparation & presentation; Participating in group discussions

UNIT III TECHNICAL WRITING SKILLS

Types of reports; Layout of a formal report; Scientific writing skills: Importance of communicating Science; Problems while writing a scientific document; Plagiarism; Scientific Publication Writing: Elements of a Scientific paper including Abstract, Introduction, Materials & Methods, Results, Discussion, References; Drafting titles and framing abstracts

UNIT IV COMPUTING SKILLS FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Web browsing for information search; search engines and their mechanism of searching; Hidden Web and its importance in scientific research; Internet as a medium of interaction between scientists; Effective email strategy using the right tone and conciseness

TEXT BOOK

1. Mohan Krishna and N.P. Singh, Speaking English effectively, Macmillan, 2003.

213BTPT04 - BIOREACTOR ENGINEERING

UNIT I TRANSPORT PROCESS IN BIOREACTOR

Gas-liquid mass transfer in cellular systems, determination of oxygen transfer rates, mass transfer for freely rising or falling bodies, forced convection mass transfer, Overall $k_L a$ estimation and power requirements for sparged and agitated vessels, mass transfer across free surfaces, other factors affecting $k_L a$, non Newtonian fluids, Heat transfer correlations, thermal death kinetics of microorganisms, batch and continuous heat, sterilisation of liquid media, filter sterilisation of liquid media, Air. Design of sterilisation equipment batch and continuous.

UNIT II MONITORING OF BIOPROCESSES

On-line data analysis for measurement of important physico-chemical and biochemical parameters; Methods of on-line and off-line biomass estimation; microbial calorimetry; Flow injection analysis for measurement of substrates, product and other metabolites; State and parameter estimation techniques for biochemical processes. Case studies on applications of FIA and Microbial calorimetry.

UNIT III MODERN BIOTECHNOLOGICAL PROCESSES

Recombinant cell culture processes, guidelines for choosing host-vector systems, plasmid stability in recombinant cell culture, limits to over expression, Modelling of recombinant bacterial cultures; Bioreactor strategies for maximising product formation; Case studies on high cell density cultivation and plasmid stabilization methods. Bioprocess design considerations for plant and animal cell cultures. Analysis of multiple interacting microbial populations – competition: survival of the fittest, predation and parasitism: Lotka Volterra model.

UNIT IV DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF BIOLOGICAL REACTORS

Ideal bioreactors-batch, fed batch, continuous, cell recycle, plug flow reactor, two stage reactors, enzyme catalyzed reactions. Reactor dynamics and stability. Reactors with non ideal mixing. Other types of reactors- fluidized bed reactors, packed bed reactors, bubble column reactors, trickle bed reactors.

UNIT V SCALEUP OF REACTORS

Scale up by geometry similitude, oxygen transfer, power correlations, mixing time

REFERENCES

1. Moser, Anton, Bioprocess Technology: Kinetics and Reactors, Springer Verlag, 1988.
2. Bailey J.E. & Ollis, D.F. Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, 2nd ed., McGraw Hill, 1986
3. Lee, James M. Biochemical Engineering, PHI, USA.
4. Atkinson, Handbook of Bioreactors, Blanch, H.W. Clark, D.S. Biochemical Engineering, Marcel Decker, 1999

213BTPT05 - COMPUTER AIDED LEARNING OF STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF PROTEINS

UNIT I COMPONENTS OF PROTEIN STRUCTURE

Introduction to Proteins, structure and properties of amino acids, the building blocks of Proteins, Molecular Interactions and their roles in protein structure and function, Primary Structure – methods to determine and synthesis

UNIT II PROTEIN BIOINFORMATICS

Protein sequence and structural databases, Multiple sequence alignment, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary Structure of Proteins; Sequence and Structural Motifs; Protein Folding.

UNIT III OVERVIEW OF STRUCTURAL AND FUNCTIONAL PROTEINS

Classes of Proteins and their Structure Function Relationships – alpha, beta, alpha/beta proteins, DNA-binding proteins, Enzymes, IgG, membrane proteins

UNIT IV PROTEIN STRUCTURAL CLASSIFICATION DATABASES

SCOP and CATH. Evolutionary relationships and Phylogenetic Studies

UNIT V PROTEIN MODIFICATIONS

Post translational modifications, Engineering of proteins, Site directed mutagenesis, Fusion Proteins, Chemical derivatization.

REFERENCES

1. Biochemistry, 3rd Edition by Donald J. Voet, Judith G. Voet, 2004 John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc
2. Introduction to Protein Structure, 2nd Edition, Carl Branden and John Tooze, 1999, Garland Publications, New York
3. Proteins – Structures and Molecular Properties, 2nd Edition, Thomas E. Creighton, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York

213BTPT06 - METABOLIC PROCESS AND ENGINEERING

OBJECTIVES

To familiarize the student with quantitative approaches for analyzing cellular metabolism and the use of theoretical and experimental tools that can give insights into the structure and regulation of metabolic networks. A central aspect of the course is to identify the optimal strategy for introducing directed genetic changes in the microorganisms with the aim of obtaining better production strains. Case studies will be taken up on metabolically engineered products and processes in various expression systems.

UNIT I METABOLIC FLUX ANALYSIS

Introduction to metabolic engineering, comprehensive models of cellular reactions with stoichiometry and reaction rates; metabolic flux analysis of exactly/over/under determined systems. Shadow price, sensitivity analysis.

UNIT II TOOLS FOR EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINING FLUX THROUGH PATHWAYS

Monitoring and measuring the metabolome, Methods for the experimental determination of metabolic fluxes by isotope labeling metabolic fluxes using various separation-analytical techniques. GC-MS for metabolic flux analysis, genome wide technologies: DNA /phenotypic microarrays and proteomics.

UNIT III CONSTRAINT BASED GENOMIC SCALE METABOLIC MODEL

Development of Genomic scale metabolic model, Insilico Cells: studying genotype-phenotype relationships using constraint-based models, case studies in *E. coli*, *S.cerevisiae* metabolic network reconstruction methods, optimization of metabolic network, Identification of targets for metabolic engineering; software and databases for genome scale modeling.

UNIT IV METABOLIC CONTROL ANALYSIS AND KINETIC MODELING

Fundamental of Metabolic Control Analysis, control coefficients and the summation theorems, Determination of flux control coefficients. Multi-substrate enzyme kinetics, engineering multifunctional enzyme systems for optimal conversion, and a multi scale approach for the predictive modeling of metabolic regulation.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES IN METABOLIC ENGINEERING

Metabolic engineering examples for bio-fuel, bio-plastic and green chemical synthesis. Study of genome scale model in various systems for the production of green chemicals using software tools. Validation of the model with experimental parameters.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Stephanopoulos, G.N. "Metabolic Engineering : Principles and Methodologies". Academic Press / Elsevier, 1998.
2. Lee, S.Y. and Papoutsakis, E.T. "Metabolic Engineering". Marcel Dekker, 1998.
3. Nielsen, J. and Villadsen, J. "Bioreaction Engineering Principles". Springer, 2007.
4. Christiana D. Smolke, " The Metabolic Pathway Engineering Handbook Fundamentals", CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2010.

REFERENCES

1. Voit, E.O. "Computational Analysis of Biochemical Systems : A Practical Guide for Biochemists and Molecular Biologists". Cambridge University Press, 2000.
2. Scheper, T. "Metabolic Engineering" Vol 73 (Advances in Biochemical Engineering Biotechnology) Springer, 2001.
3. S. Cortassa, M.A.Aon, A.A. Iglesias and D.Llyod, " An Introduction to Metabolic and Cellular Engineering", World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd, 2002.
4. Boris N. Kholodenko and Hans V. Westerhoff "Metabolic Engineering in the Post Genomic Era", Horizon Bioscience, 2004

213BTPT07 - ADVANCED PROCESS CONTROL

UNIT I ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF FEED BACK CONTROL SYSTEM

Dynamic behaviour, stability analysis, design of feed back controllers, design of feed back control systems using frequency response techniques, PID controller for multivariable processes.

UNIT II OPTIMUM CONTROLLER SETTING

Optimum settings from the plant response, continuous cycling method, damped oscillation method, reaction curve method.

UNIT III ANALYSIS AND CONTROL OF ADVANCED CONTROL SYSTEMS

Feedback control of systems with large dead time, control systems with multiple loops, feed forward and ratio control, adaptive and inferential control systems.

UNIT IV AUTOMATIC CONTROLLERS

Electronic, controllers, operational amplifier, electronic controller input and output, PID and on-off control models, microprocessors, general architecture, algorithms, applications in chemical process control.

UNIT V PROCESS CONTROL USING DIGITAL COMPUTERS:

Characteristics and performance of control computers, signals-types, signal transmission, analog feedback control systems. The direct digital control concept, advantages of DDC, computer process interface for data acquisition and control, computer control loops.

REFERENCES

1. George Stephanopolous – Chemical Process Control, An introduction to Theory and Practice, prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi 1990.
2. Emanule S. Savas _ Computer control of industrial processes, McGraw Hill, London, 1965.
3. Peter Harriot – Process Control, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co, New Delhi 1977.

OBJECTIVE

To introduce the fundamental aspects of modeling of various biological systems. To address the various modeling paradigms, based on the level of detail, the extent of data available as well as the question the model must address. To outline the applications of such modeling techniques.

UNIT I MODELING OF BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS

Modeling Principles, model development from first principles. Modeling approaches for Biological systems – structured and unstructured systems; Compartment models; Deterministic and stochastic approaches for modeling structured systems.

UNIT II MODELLING OF DIFFUSION SYSTEMS (BIOFILM AND IMMOBILIZED ENZYME SYSTEMS)

External mass transfer, Internal diffusion and reaction within biocatalysts, derivation of finite model for diffusion-reaction systems, dimensionless parameters from diffusion-reaction models, the effectiveness factor concept, case studies; oxygen diffusion effects in a biofilm, biofilm nitrification

UNIT III MODELING BIOREACTOR

Bioreactor modelling: Ideal and non-ideal bioreactors; Stirred tank models; characterization of mass and energy transfer distributions in stirred tanks, Tower Reactor Model; Flow modeling, bubble column flow models, mass transfer modeling, structured models for mass transfer in tower reactors, process models in tower reactors, airlift models,

UNIT IV LINEAR SYSTEM ANALYSIS

Study of linear systems, linearization of non-linear systems; Simulation of linear models using MATLAB; Parameter estimation and sensitivity analysis; Steady state and unsteady state systems; stability analysis; Case study of recombinant protein production.

UNIT V HYBRID AND OTHER MODELING TECHNIQUES

Advanced modeling techniques such as fuzzy logic, neural network, hybrid systems and fuzzy logic systems; case studies.

TEXT BOOKS

1. B. Wayne Bequette, Process Dynamics: Modeling, Analysis and Simulation, 1998, Prentice-Hall
2. Said S.E.H. Elnashaie, Parag Garhyan, Conservation Equations and Modeling of Chemical and Biochemical Processes, 2003, Marcel Dekker

REFERENCES

1. Process Dynamics, Modelling, Analysis and Simulation, B.W. Bequette, Prentice Hall International series (1998). ISBN 0132107333.
2. Conservation Equations and Modelling of Chemical and Biochemical Processes. Said. E.H. Elnashaie and P. Garhyan, Marcel Dekker, Inc (2003). ISBN 0824709578.
3. Biological Reaction Engineering: Dynamic Modelling Fundamentals with Simulation Examples, I.J. Dunn, Wiley-VCH (2003). ISBN 3527307591.

213BTPT09 - PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLANT MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Genetic material of plant cells, nucleosome structure and its biological significance; transposons,; outline of transcription and translation, alternative and trans splicing, constitutive and differentially expressed genes in plants

UNIT II CHLOROPLAST AND MITOCHONDRIA

Structure, function: Light and dark reaction and genetic material; rubisco synthesis and assembly, coordination, regulation and transport of proteins. Mitochondria: Genome, cytoplasmic male sterility and import of proteins, comparison and differences between mitochondrial and chloroplast genome, chloroplast transformation

UNIT III PLANT METABOLISM AND METABOLIC ENGINEERING

Nitrogen fixation, Nitrogenase activity, nod genes, nif genes, bacteroids, plant nodulins, production of secondary metabolites, flavanoid synthesis and metabolic engineering.

UNIT IV AGROBACTERIUM AND PLANT VIRUSES

Pathogenesis, crown gall disease, genes involved in the pathogenesis, Ti plasmid – TDNA, importance in genetic engineering. Plant viruses and different types, Viral Vectors: Gemini virus, cauliflower mosaic virus, viral vectors and its benefits, vectors used for plant transformation ,Methods used for transgene identification

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

Outline of plant tissue culture, transgenic plants, herbicide and pest resistant plants, molecular pharming , therapeutic products, RNA i, Transgene silencing ,ethical issues

REFERENCES

1. Grierson D. and Covey, S.N. Plant Molecular Biology, 2nd ed., Blackie,1988
2. Slater A et al. Plant Biotechnology : The Genetic Manipulation of Plants, Oxford University Press, 2003 (1st and 2nd edition)
3. Gamburg O.L., Philips G.C. Plant Tissue & Organ Culture: Fundamental Methods. Narosa , 1995.
4. Heldt, Hans-Walter, Plant Biochemistry & Molecular Biology, Oxford University Press, 1997
5. Wilkins M.B .Advanced Plant Physiology , ELBS, Longman, 1987

213BTPT10 - GENOMICS AND PROTEOMICS

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF GENOMES

Genomes of Bacteria, archae and eukaryota

UNIT II PHYSICAL MAPPING TECHNIQUES

Top down and bottom up approach; linking and jumping of clones; genome sequencing; placing small fragments on map; STS assembly; gap closure; pooling strategies; cytogenetic mapping techniques.

UNIT III FUNCTIONAL GENOMICS

Gene finding; annotation; ORF and functional prediction; Subtractive DNA library screening; differential display and representational difference analysis; SAGE;TOGA.

UNIT IV PROTEOMICS TECHNIQUES

Protein level estimation; Edman protein microsequencing; protein cleavage; 2 D gel electrophoresis; metabolic labeling; detection of proteins on SDS gels; pattern analysis; Mass spectrometry- principles of MALDI-TOF; Tandem MS-MS; Peptide mass fingerprinting.

UNIT V PROTEIN PROFILING

Post translational modification; protein-protein interactions; glycoprotein analysis; phosphoprotein analysis.

REFERENCES

1. Cantor, C.R. and Smith, C.L. Genomics. The Science and Technology Behind the human genome project, John Wiley & Sons, 1999.
2. Pennington, S.R. and Dunn, M.J. Proteomics: From protein sequence to function, Vina Books, 2002.
3. Liebler, D.C. Introduction to Proteomics: Tools for the New Biology, Humana Press, 2002.
4. Hunt, S.P. and Livesey, F.J. Functional Genomics, Oxford University press, 2000
5. Primrose, S.B. Principles of genome analysis : A guide to mapping and sequencing DNA from different organisms, 2nd ed., Blackwell Science, 1998.

213BTPT11 - PLANT DESIGN AND PRACTICE

UNIT I PLANT DESIGN

Fermenter design, vessels for Biotechnology, piping and valves for biotechnology, Pressure relief system. Materials of construction and properties. Utilities for plant and their design introduction

UNIT II PROCESS ECONOMICS

General fermentation process economics, materials usage and cost, capital investment estimate, production cost estimate. Two case studies – one traditional product and one recombinant product.

UNIT III PHARMACEUTICAL WATER SYSTEM

Grades of water, sanitary design, water treatment system, Water distribution system, Validation

UNIT IV VALIDATION OF BIOPHARMACEUTICAL FACILITIES

Introduction, why validation, when does validation occur, validation structure, resources for validation, validation of systems and processes including SIP and CIP

UNIT V GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICES

Structure – quality management, personnel, premises and equipment, documentation, production, quality control, contract manufacturing and analysis, complaints and product recall, self inspection. GLP and its principles.

REFERENCES

1. Peter, Max S. and Timmerhaus, Klaus D. Plant Design and Economics for Chemical Engineers, 4th ed., McGraw Hill, 1991.
2. A compendium of Good Practices in Biotechnology, BIOTOL Series, Butterworth- Heiemann, 1993
3. Seiler, Jiing P. Good Laboratory Practice: The why and How? Springer, 2001
4. Lydersen, B.K. et al., Bioprocess Engineering: Systems, equipment and facilities, John- Wiley, 1994

213BTPT12 - COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS

UNIT I FLUID DYNAMICS

Introduction, Reasons for CFD. Typical examples of CFD codes and their use. Validation strategies. Derivation of Governing Equations of Fluid Dynamics: Mass conservation and divergence, Navier-Stokes and Euler equations. Energy equations. Conservation formulation and finite volume discretisation. Partial differential equations: classification, characteristic form. PDEs in science and engineering.

UNIT II BASIC NUMERICS

Mathematical behavior of hyperbolic, parabolic and elliptic equations. Well posedness. Discretization by finite differences. Analysis of discretized equations; order of accuracy, convergence. and stability (von Neumann analysis). Numerical methods for model equations related to different levels of approximation of Navier Stokes equation: linear wave equation, Burgers equation, convection-diffusion equation. First and second order numerical methods such as upwind, Lax-Friedrichs, Lax-Wendroff, MacCormack, etc. Modified equation - dissipation and dispersion.

UNIT III COMPRESSIBLE FLOW

Euler equations, conservative/non-conservative form. thermodynamics of compressible flow, scalar conservations laws: Conservation, weak solutions, non-uniqueness, entropy conditions. Shock formation, Rankine-Hugoniot relations. Numerical methods for scalar conservation laws. Properties of the numerical scheme such as CFL-condition, conservation and TVD. First order methods. System of conservations laws. Numerical methods for Euler equations: MacCormack and artificial viscosity for non-linear systems. Numerical/physical boundary conditions. Shock tube problem. High resolution schemes for conservations laws. Numerical methods for Euler equations. Boundary conditions, Riemann invariants. Compressible flow in 2D. Numerical methods for Euler equations, cont. Grids, algebraic mesh generation by transfinite interpolation. Flow around an airfoil.

UNIT IV FINITE VOLUME AND FINITE DIFFERENCE METHODS

Laplace equation on arbitrary grids, equivalence with finite-differences, linear systems: Gauss-Seidel as smothers for multi-grid. Staggered grid/volume formulation + BC. Unsteady equations: projection and MAC method, discrete Poisson pressure equation. Time step restrictions. Steady equations: distributive iteration and SIMPLE methods.

UNIT V FINITE ELEMENTS

Diffusion problem. Variational form of the equation, weak solutions, essential and natural boundary condition. Finite-element approximations, stability and accuracy, the algebraic problem, matrix assembly. Navier-Stokes equations. Mixed variational form, Galerkin and FE approximations, the algebraic problem. Stability, the LBB condition, mass conservation.

REFERENCES

1. Copies from Randall J LeVeque, Finite Volume Method for Hyperbolic Problems, Cambridge University Press.
2. K.A. Hoffman and S. Chiang, Computational fluid dynamics for scientists and engineers, engineering education system.
3. J.C. Tannehill, D.A. Anderson, R.H. Pletcher, Computational Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer, Taylor and Francis.

213BTPT13 - MOLECULAR THERAPEUTICS

UNIT I GENE THERAPY

Gene therapy; Intracellular barriers to gene delivery; Overview of inherited and acquired diseases for gene therapy; Retro and adeno virus mediated gene transfer; Liposome and nanoparticles mediated gene delivery

UNIT II CELLULAR THERAPY

Cellular therapy; Stem cells: definition, properties and potency of stem cells; Sources: embryonic and adult stem cells; Concept of tissue engineering; Role of scaffolds; Role of growth factors; Role of adult and embryonic stem cells; Clinical applications; Ethical issues

UNIT III RECOMBINANT THERAPY

Recombinant therapy; Clinical applications of recombinant technology; Erythropoietin; Insulin analogs and its role in diabetes; Recombinant human growth hormone; Streptokinase and urokinase in thrombosis; Recombinant coagulation factors.

UNIT IV IMMUNOTHERAPY

Immunotherapy; Monoclonal antibodies and their role in cancer; Role of recombinant interferons; Immunostimulants; Immunosuppressors in organ transplants; Role of cytokine therapy in cancers; Vaccines: types, recombinant vaccines and clinical applications

UNIT V GENE SILENCING TECHNOLOGY

Gene silencing technology; Antisense therapy; si RNA; Tissue and organ transplantation; Transgenics and their uses; Cloning; Ethical issues

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bernhard Palsson and Sangeeta N Bhatia, Tissue Engineering, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2004.
2. Pamela Greenwell, Michelle McCulley, Molecular Therapeutics: 21st century medicine, 1st Edition, Springer, 2008.

213BTPT14 - CLINICAL TRIALS AND BIOETHICS

UNIT I

Fundamentals of clinical trials; Basic statistics for clinical trials; Clinical trials in practice; Reporting and reviewing clinical trials; Legislation and good clinical practice - overview of the European directives and legislation governing clinical trials in the 21st century; International perspectives; Principles of the International Committee on Harmonisation (ICH)-GCP.

UNIT II

Drug development and trial planning - pre-study requirements for clinical trials; Regulatory approvals for clinical trials; Consort statement; Trial responsibilities and protocols - roles and responsibilities of investigators, sponsors and others; Requirements of clinical trials protocols; Legislative requirements for investigational medicinal products.

UNIT III

Project management in clinical trials - principles of project management; Application in clinical trial management; Risk assessment; Research ethics and Bioethics - Principles of research ethics; Ethical issues in clinical trials; Use of humans in Scientific Experiments; Ethical committee system including a historical overview; the informed consent; Introduction to ethical codes and conduct; Introduction to animal ethics; Animal rights and use of animals in the advancement of medical technology; Introduction to laws and regulation regarding use of animals in research.

UNIT IV

Consent and data protection- the principles of informed consent; Consent processes; Data protection; Legislation and its application; Data management - Introduction to trial master files and essential documents; Data management.

UNIT V

Quality assurance and governance - quality control in clinical trials; Monitoring and audit; Inspections; Pharmacovigilance; Research governance; Trial closure and pitfalls-trial closure; Reporting and legal requirements; Common pitfalls in clinical trial management.

REFERENCES

1. Lee, Chi-Jen; et al., "Clinical Trials or Drugs and Biopharmaceuticals." CRC / Taylor & Francis, 2011.
2. Matoren, Gary M. "The Clinical Research Process in the Pharmaceutical Industry." Marcel Dekker, 1984.

213BTPT15 - ADVANCES IN MOLECULAR PATHOGENESIS

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Discovery of microscope, Molecular Koch's postulates, Concepts of disease, Virulence, Pathogenic cycle, Vaccines and its historical perspective, Biofilms, quorum sensing, multidrug resistance.

UNIT II HOST DEFENSE AGAINST PATHOGENS AND BACTERIAL DEFENSE STRATEGIES

Skin, mucosa, cilia secretions, physical movements, physical and chemical barriers to bacterial colonisation, Mechanism of killing by humoral and cellular defenses, Complement, Inflammatory process, Phagocytosis, Colonization, Adherence, Iron acquisition mechanisms, Bacterial defense strategies.

UNIT III MOLECULAR MECHANISMS OF VIRULENCE

Virulence, Colonization factors, Microbial toxins, Secretion systems: General secretory pathway, Two-step secretion, Contact dependent secretion, Conjugal transfer system and Autotransporters.

UNIT IV MECHANISMS UNDERLYING MOLECULAR PATHOGENESIS (Common Enteric Pathogens)

Shigella: Entry, Induction of macropinocytosis, Invasion of epithelial cells, Intracellular motility and spread, Apoptotic killing of macrophages, Virulence factors involved. **E.coli:** Enterotoxigenic *E.coli* (ETEC), labile & stable toxins, Entero-pathogenic *E.coli* (EPEC), type III secretion, Cytoskeletal changes, intimate attachment; Enterohaemorrhagic *E.coli* (EHEC), Mechanism of bloody diarrhea and Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome, Enteroaggregative *E.coli* (EAEC). **Vibrio Cholerae:** Cholera toxin, Co-regulated pili, filamentous phage, survival.

UNIT V MECHANISMS UNDERLYING MOLECULAR PATHOGENESIS (Common Non-Enteric Pathogens)

Mycobacterium tuberculosis: The Mycobacterial cell envelope, Route of entry, Uptake by macrophages, Latency and persistence, Entry into and survival in phagocytes, Immune response against MTB, MTB virulence factors, Emergence of resistance. **Influenza virus:** Intracellular stages, Neuraminidase and Haemagglutinin in entry, M1 & M2 proteins in assembly and disassembly, action of amantadine.

Plasmodium: Lifecycle, erythrocyte stages, transport mechanism and processes to support the rapidly growing schizont, parasitophorous vacuoles and knob protein transport, Antimalarials based on transport processes.

REFERENCES

1. Bacterial Pathogenesis- A Molecular Approach - Abigail A.Salyers
2. Principles of Bacterial Pathogenesis – Groisman
3. Structural Biology of Bacterial Pathogenesis – Gabriel Waksman, Michael Caparon
4. Bacterial Pathogenesis – Virginia L.Clark
5. Methods in Microbiology – Bacterial Pathogenesis – Peter Williams
6. Microbial Pathogenesis – Bruce A.McClane
7. Biology of Microorganisms – Michael T.Madigan
8. Genetic analysis of Pathogenic bacteria – Stanley
9. Molecular Infection Biology – Jorg Hacker

213BTPT16 - NANOBIO TECHNOLOGY

OBJECTIVES

The 'Nanobiotechnology' course aims to provide fundamental concepts of nanotechnology and advanced knowledge on the application of nanotechnology to biological sciences including nanomedicine.

OUTCOMES

The students would have learned the physicochemical properties of nanomaterials; the unique changes that happen at nanoscale; nanoscale view of the natural biomolecular processes; synthesis, modification, and characterization of nanomaterials; and application of nanomaterials to biological problems including nanomedicine.

UNIT I NANOSCALE AND NANOBIO TECHNOLOGY

Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology; Milestones in Nanotechnology; Overview of Nanobiotechnology and Nanoscale processes; Physicochemical properties of materials in Nanoscales.

UNIT II FABRICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF NANOMATERIALS

Types of Nanomaterials (Quantum dots, Nanoparticles, Nanocrystals, Dendrimers, Buckyballs, Nanotubes); Gas, liquid, and solid -phase synthesis of nanomaterials; Lithography techniques (Photolithography, Dip-pen and Electron beam lithography); Thin film deposition; Electrospinning. Biosynthesis of nanomaterials.

UNIT III PROPERTIES AND MEASUREMENT OF NANOMATERIALS

Optical Properties: Absorption, Fluorescence, and Resonance; Methods for the measurement of nanomaterials; Microscopy measurements: SEM, TEM, AFM and STM. Confocal and TIRF imaging.

UNIT IV NANOBIOLOGY AND BIOCONJUGATION OF NANOMATERIALS

Properties of DNA and motor proteins; Lessons from nature on making nanodevices; Reactive groups on biomolecules (DNA & Proteins); Surface modification and conjugation to nanomaterials. Fabrication and application of DNA nanowires; Nanofluidics to solve biological problems.

UNIT V NANO DRUG DELIVERY AND NANOMEDICINE

Properties of nanocarriers; drug delivery systems used in nanomedicine; Enhanced Permeability and Retention effect; Blood-brain barrier; Active and passive targeting of diseased cells; Health and environmental impacts of nanotechnology.

REFERENCES

1. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, Christof M. Niemeyer (Editor), Chad A. Mirkin (Editor), Wiley-VCH; 1 edition, 2004.
2. NanoBioTechnology: BioInspired Devices and Materials of the Future by Oded Shoseyov and Ilan Levy, Humana Press; 1 edition 2007.
3. NanoBiotechnology Protocols (Methods in Molecular Biology) by Sandra J Rosenthal and David W. Wright, Humana Press; 1 edition, 2005.
4. Bio-Nanotechnology_ Concepts and applications. Madhuri Sharon, Maheshwar Sharon, Sunil Pandey and Goldie Oza, Ane Books Pvt Ltd, 1 edition 2012
5. Microscopy Techniques for Material Science. A. R. Clarke and C. N. Eberhardt (Editors) CRC Press. 1st Edition, 2002.

213BTPT17 - RESEARCH AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

UNIT I RESEARCH AND ITS METHODOLOGIES

Objectives of research, research process – observation, analysis, inference, hypothesis, axiom, theory, experimentation, types of research (basic, applied, qualitative, quantitative, analytical etc). Features of translational research, the concept of laboratory to market (bench to public) and Industrial R&D.

UNIT II RESEARCH IN BIOTECHNOLOGY – AN OVERVIEW

Biological systems and their characteristic: Type and outcome of research, Exploratory and product-oriented research in various fields of biotechnology (health, agri, food, industrial etc) – types of expertise and facilities required. Interdisciplinary nature of biotech research, sources of literature for biotech research.

UNIT III EXPERIMENTAL RESEARCH: BASIC CONCEPTS IN DESIGN AND METHODOLOGY

Precision, accuracy, sensitivity and specificity; variables, biochemical measurements, types of measurements, enzymes and enzymatic analysis, antibodies and immunoassays, instrumental methods, bioinformatics and computation, experimental planning – general guidelines

UNIT IV RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

Importance and scientific methodology in recording results, importance of negative results, different ways of recording, industrial requirement, artifacts versus true results, types of analysis (analytical, objective, subjective) and cross verification, correlation with published results, discussion, outcome as new idea, hypothesis, concept, theory, model etc.

UNIT V SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PUBLICATION

Different types of scientific and technical publications in the area of biotechnology, and their specifications, Ways to protect intellectual property – Patents, technical writing skills, definition and importance of impact factor and citation index - assignment in technical writing.

TEXT BOOKS/REFERENCES

1. Essentials of Research Design and Methodology Geoffrey R. Marczyk, David DeMatteo, David Festinger, 2005 John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc
2. Biochemical Calculations: How to Solve Mathematical Problems in General Biochemistry, 2nd Edition, Irwin H. Segel, 1976 John Wiley & Sons Publishers, Inc
3. Guide to Publishing a Scientific paper, Ann M. Korner, 2004, Bioscript Press.

213BTPT18 - ENZYME TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

OBJECTIVES

The course intends to give advanced knowledge about Enzyme kinetics, immobilization and enzymatic biotransformation of drugs.

OUTCOME

The students will acquire knowledge in all aspect of enzyme kinetics and immobilization. The enzymatic transformation will give theoretical idea about drug biotransformation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to enzymes, Classification, Sources, Mechanism of enzyme action. Strategies of purification of enzymes, criteria of purity, molecular weight determination and characterization of enzymes , Enzymes of biological importance - Acetylcholinesterase, angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE), ACE Inhibitors, HMG Co A reductase inhibitors, pseudocholesterase, 5 -nucleotidase (5NT), glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (GPD), CKisoforms, immunoreactive trypsinogen (IRT) and chymotrypsin; amylase isoenzymes.

UNIT II KINETICS OF ENZYME ACTION

Methods for investigating the kinetics of Enzyme catalysed reactions – Initial velocity Studies, Estimation of Michaelis Menten parameters, Effect of pH and temperature on enzyme activity, kinetics of inhibition. Modeling of rate equations for single and multiple substrate reactions.

UNIT III IMMOBILIZED ENZYMES

Techniques of enzyme immobilization; kinetics of immobilized enzymes, effect of solute, partition & diffusion on the kinetics of immobilized enzymes, design and configuration of immobilized enzyme reactors; applications of immobilized enzyme technology, Economic argument for immobilization

UNIT IV ENZYMES IN FUNCTIONAL GROUP TRANSFORMATION

Functional group interconversion using enzymes (hydrolysis reaction, oxidation/reduction reactions, C-C bond formations), Retrosynthetic biocatalysis, Chemoenzymatic synthesis of natural products. Industrial process using enzymes for production of drugs, fine chemicals and chiral intermediates.

UNIT V ENZYMATIC TRANSFORMATION

Reaction engineering for enzyme-catalyzed biotransformations. Catalytic antibodies. Biocatalysts from extreme Thermophilic and Hyperthermophilic microorganisms (extremozymes). The design and construction of novel enzymes, artificial enzymes, Biotransformation of drugs (hydroxylation of Steroids), Host Guest Complexation chemistry, enzyme design using steroid templates, enzymes for production of drugs, fine chemicals and chiral intermediates.

TEXTS/REFERENCES

1. Blanch, H.W., Clark, D.S. "Biochemical Engineering." Marcel Dekker, 1997.
2. Lee, James M. "Biochemical Engineering." PHI, 1982.
3. Bailey J.E. & Ollis, D.F. "Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals." 2nd Edition. McGraw Hill, 1986
4. Faber, Kurt "Biotransformations in Organic Chemistry : A Textbook." 5th Edition. Springer, 2008.
5. Palmer, Trevor. "Enzymes : Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Clinical Chemistry." 2nd Edition, East West Press, 2008.

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